



SALTBURN & MARSKE-BY-THE-SEA  
URBAN DISTRICT.



NORTH RIDING (GUISBOROUGH)  
COMBINED DISTRICTS.

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. REPORT .  
for the Year 1938  
of the Medical Officer of Health,  
C. R. GIBSON, M.A., M.B., CH.B.,  
D.P.H.

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*1939.*



# TO THE CHAIRMAN AND MEMBERS

## OF THE

### SALTBURN & MARSKE-BY-THE-SEA URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL.

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Madam and Gentlemen,

I beg to submit my Annual Report for the year 1938, the contents and arrangement of which are in accordance with the Ministry of Health circular No. 1728.

Summaries of the vital statistics for the year will be found on page 6 and comparison with earlier periods is furnished in the table on page 16. In comparing the figures it must be remembered that before April 1st, 1932, they refer to the area of the Saltburn-by-the-Sea Urban District, which on that date changed its name and was enlarged by the inclusion of the parish of Marske which had at that time a population roughly three-fourths as large as that of the district it joined. For the year 1938 the three main vital rates—birth-rate, death-rate at all ages, and infant mortality—are all less favourable than the five year average, and only the infant mortality rate equals that for England and Wales:—

	Saltburn & Marske Urban District.		England & Wales.
	1938.	1934—1938.	1938.
Birth-rate ... ..	11·3	12·1	15·1
Death-rate (uncorrected)	14·5	13·8	—
Death-rate (comparable)	12·9	12·2	11·6
Infant Mortality Rate ...	53	49	53

What has been called the “uncorrected” death-rate in the above table is the ordinary figure arrived at by calculating the number of deaths of residents of the district per thousand of the estimated population. The “comparable” death-rate is obtained from this by multiplying it by the “comparability factor” supplied by the Registrar-General to allow for the difference between the local distribution of the population as to age and sex and that of England and Wales as a whole, with the idea that the comparable rates will allow a correct comparison to be made with the death-rates of other districts or the average for the whole country. The comparability factor however, is based on the census of 1931 and it is highly probable that the local population, owing to its low birth-rate, has “aged” much more since the census than the rest of the country and that a revised comparability factor would show a comparable death-rate not greater than that for England and Wales.

I have referred to the local birth-rate as low: this district is the only one of the five Combined Districts to have a birth-rate below the average for England and Wales, and in 1938 it was below by as much as twenty-five per cent. As a matter of fact the yearly total of births has only exceeded or equalled that of deaths in one year (1937) since 1926. As far back as my records go, i.e. 1885, the Saltburn area had a lower birth-rate than the adjoining districts: the reason for that may have been the greater proportion of

elderly residents who had retired to Saltburn, and also the greater proportion of unmarried female servants and of widowed or elderly boarding-house keepers. The inclusion of Marske in 1932 has stayed the decline a little but apparently only postponed it. In the two years 1885 and 1886, when the population of Saltburn was under 2,000, 64 and 70 children were born: in 1938, when the enlarged district had a population of over 6,600, 75 children were born. It does not need any gift for mathematics to realise that a locality where the yearly number of deaths steadily exceeds the number of births is heading for extinction unless it can rely on the maintenance of a stream of fresh settlers to make up the loss. And such a guarantee at the present moment seems doubtful. Restriction of births may be all right in special cases or to a certain degree, but when carried to the extent of race suicide it raises the question as to whether that is any more defensible than individual suicide. If every woman in the course of her life had two children the population would go down, for some wastage of young life is unavoidable; in every family therefore which is voluntarily restricted to one or two children the parents are acquiescing in race suicide.

I am, Madam and Gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

C. R. GIBSON,

Medical Officer of Health.

Guisborough,  
July 11th, 1939.



# 1. PUBLIC HEALTH OFFICERS.

	Borough of Redcar.	Guisborough Urban District.	Loftus Urban District.	Saltburn and Marske-by-the-Sea Urban District.	Skelton & Brotton Urban District.
A. <i>Whole-time Officers.</i>					
Medical Officer of Health			Dr. C. R. Gibson		
Medical Officer to Joint Isolation Hospital ...			Dr. C. R. Gibson		
Sanitary Inspectors ...	Mr. W. Tutin	Mr. R. H. Kilburn*	Mr. E. Hollis*	Mr. T. Young* until April 1938, then Mr. T. Grant*	Mr. R. Barry
Assis't Sanitary Inspectors	Mr. N. Hudson	Mr. F. A. Russell	-	Mr. J. R. Hall	—

\*Also Surveyor for the District concerned.

## Statistics and Social Conditions of the Area.

Area (in acres) 4,573.

Registrar-General's estimate of resident population, mid-1938: 6,643.

Number of inhabited houses (end of 1938) according to Rate books: 2,210

Rateable Value: £46,305.

Sum represented by a penny rate: £164.

The area is residential and a sea-side resort, with a proportion of the population employed in iron and steel works, ironstone mines, and on the railway.

### Extracts from Vital Statistics of 1938.

	Total	M.	F.	
Live births, legitimate ...	73	39	34	} Birth Rate 11·3.
illegitimate ...	2	2	0	
Still-births ...	3	1	2	: Rate per 1,000 total births, 38½.
Deaths ...	96	49	47	: Death-rate : 14·5.

Deaths in consequence of child-birth :

	Deaths.	Rate per 1,000 total births.
(a) from sepsis ...	0	0
(b) from other causes ...	1	12·8
(c) total ...	1	12·8

Death-rate of infants under one year of age:

All infants, per 1,000 live births ...	53
Legitimate infants, per 1,000 legitimate live births	55
Illegitimate infants, per 1,000 illegitimate live births	nil

Deaths from Measles (all ages) ...	0
„ „ Whooping Cough (all ages) ...	0
„ „ Diphtheria (all ages) ...	0
„ „ Diarrhoea (under two years of age)	1
„ „ Influenza (all ages) ...	8
„ „ Pneumonia (all ages) ...	3
„ „ Tuberculosis (all ages) ...	4
„ „ Cancer (all ages) ...	10
„ „ Heart disease (all ages) ...	23

## General Provision of Health Services for the Area.

There have been no developments nor changes in the services provided in the Area.

Ambulance facilities for non-infectious cases were provided by the Council of the adjoining Borough of Redcar, for which this Council pays a retaining fee of £50 yearly. The local detachment of the St. John's Ambulance Brigade have had under consideration the supply of an ambulance for this district alone and this has been accomplished in the current year. Facilities are adequate for the ordinary needs of the district.

## Sanitary Circumstances of the Area.

**Water:** There have been no new sources of public water supply brought into use, nor any important extension of mains. The supply has been satisfactory both as to quality and quantity. One sample for bacteriological analysis was submitted on March 9th, taken from the Council Offices: the organisms in 1 c.c. growing on agar in 3 days at 22°C. were 1,280; in 2 days at 37°C. 270; B. Coli or Streptococci were not found in 100 c.c. and Bacillus Enteritidis Sporogenes not in 250 c.c., and the bacteriologist's opinion is "a good water; safe in this condition."

**Drainage and Sewerage:** No important extension.

**Closet Accommodation:** Sixteen dry-closets were converted to water-carriage during the year, 9 at Marske and 7 at New Marske. The estimated number remaining at the end of 1938 was 549: 286 at Marske, 245 at New Marske, and 18 at Old Saltburn.

**Public Cleansing:** Application was made to the Ministry of Health for sanction to a loan for the purpose of acquiring land near Hob Hill Road for a tip and of purchasing new motor vehicles. In the meantime tipping has still been continued on the golf-course.

**Sanitary Inspection of the Area:** This is summarised in Table 5 in the Appendix.

**Shops and Offices:** Number in the area, 78; inspections, 15; no action found necessary.

### Camping Sites:

(1) Number of sites occupied in 1938	...	...	...	4
(2) Number licensed under Sec. 269 of the Public Health Act, 1936	...	...	...	4
(3) Estimated maximum number of campers resident at one time				
in 1938	...	...	...	195

The following conditions applying to all licenses for Camping Grounds were approved by the Council in January 1938:

- (a) Not more than 50 Vans, Tents or Sheds allowed to each acre of Camping Site.
- (b) A clear space of at least 15 feet between the outside boundary or wall of each Van, Tent or Shed.
- (c) Adequate properly covered ash receptacles (bins) to be provided in the proportion of not less than one bin for every 10 Vans, Tents or Sheds.



- (d) Refuse to be removed daily by the occupier of the Camp.
- (e) Sufficient closet accommodation to be provided in a proportion of not less than one closet for each sex for each six tents, etc. If a sewer is available within 100 feet of the site, water-closets must be provided ; otherwise dry-closets of approved chemical type.
- (f) An adequate supply of pure water to be provided on the Camp within 100 yards of any Van, Tent or Shed.
- (g) Suitable arrangements to be provided for the disposal of slop-water, etc.
- (h) For Camps of more than six tents, urinal accommodation for men to be provided at not less than 1 foot wall space for three tents.
- (i) For Camps of more than six tents ablution huts for each sex to be provided with a proportion of not less than 1 foot ablution bench per sex for three tents.
- (j) The owner of the site to be responsible for the cleanliness of the Camp generally.

Swimming Baths and Pools: The only one in the area is the Swimming bath belonging to the Council, which was reported on last year and previous years.

Eradication of Bed Bugs: No houses were found infested during the year.

Schools: No school closure was recommended on account of infectious disease.

### Housing.

The results of inspections of dwellinghouses are given in tabular form on page 16.

The position at the end of the year with regard to houses previously scheduled for closure or demolition was as follows :—

#### Dwellings included in Clearance Areas:

*Condition at end of 1938 :*

Nos. 2, 3 & 4 Prospect Place, Marske	Occupied.
Nos. 1 to 6 Scafton Place, „	No. 1 demolished, others occupied.
Nos. 1, 2 & 3 Sandynook, „	One unoccupied.
Nos. 1 to 8, West Street, „	Occupied.
Nos. 3, 4 & 5 Old Saltburn	No. 3 unoccupied.

#### Dwellings subject to Demolition Orders :

Cluny Cottage, Marske	Occupied.
Cowl Cottage, „	Occupied.
Nos. 2, 3 & 4 Adelaide Place, Marske	Unoccupied, but not demolished.
Nos. 3, 4 & 5 Laurel Place „	Unoccupied and converted into garages.
No. 147 High Street, Marske	Partly demolished.

#### Dwellings with undertaking to close:

Nos. 1, 2 & 3 Mount Pleasant, Marske	In process of demolition.
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### Dwelling subject to Closing Order:

No. 21 Back Amber Street, Saltburn : unoccupied.

Further progress with these is held up until accommodation can be provided for the tenants, and the Council's re-housing schemes have been postponed until 1940, but I would suggest that this need not interfere with the enforcement of the demolition order on the now unoccupied houses in Adelaide Place, Marske.

### Inspection and Supervision of Food.

**Milk Supply:** One Cowshed was remodelled during the year.

Samples of milk are occasionally taken and submitted to bacteriological examination.

### Tabular Summary of Milk Examinations.

District.	No. of Registered Cowkeepers and Dairies.	No. of Samples submitted.	Bacterial count per c.c.				Coliform bacilli in 1/100 c.c.	
			under 10,000.	10,000— 30,000.	30,000— 100,000.	over 100,000.	Absent.	Present.
Redcar Borough ...	51	21	1	6	10	4	14	7
Guisborough U.D. ...	79	19	—	2	15	2	9	10
Loftus U.D. ...	63	6	—	3	3	—	5	1
Saltburn & Marske U.D.	23	23	—	8	11	4	12	11
Skelton & Brotton U.D.	115	33	1	6	23	3	24	9

**Meat and other foods:** Slaughterhouses are inspected regularly and carcasses examined after slaughter. A new slaughterhouse, at Oxclose, outside Saltburn, was completed and licensed during the year; the licence for one old wooden slaughterhouse was not renewed and the building was demolished.

### Carcases Inspected and Condemned.

		Cattle, including Cows.	Calves.	Sheep and Lambs.	Pigs.
Number killed ...	...	362	32	1498	405
Number inspected ...	...	344	29	1348	384
<i>(a) All diseases except Tuberculosis :</i>					
Whole carcasses condemned ...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	1
Carcases of which one part or or organ was condemned ...	...	2	Nil	Nil	Nil
Percentage of number inspected affected with disease other than Tuberculosis ...	...	·58%	Nil	Nil	·38%
<i>(b) Tuberculosis only :</i>					
Whole carcasses condemned ...	...	1	Nil	Nil	Nil
Carcases of which some part or or organ was condemned ...	...	Nil	Nil	Nil	1
Percentage of number inspected affected with Tuberculosis ...	...	·29%	Nil	Nil	·38%

**Adulteration:** No action taken by the local authority under the Food and Drugs (Adulteration) Act, 1928, this being administered by the County Council.

**Shell-fish (Molluscan):** There are no shell-fish beds of any importance in the district, there being a few cockles and mussels near low-water mark used solely for bait, and a few whelks and limpets on the rocks below Huntcliff. No shell-fish have been marketed in the district.

### Prevalence of, and control over, Infectious and other Diseases.

Infectious disease generally was only slightly prevalent during the year. There were no more than ten cases of scarlet fever, the lowest number since 1930, and two cases only of diphtheria. In periods of low prevalence fewer people become immune, or acquire resistance against the attack of the disease, by the process of having the disease or even an infection by the germ not sufficient to result in much symptoms of disease but enough to stimulate the defences of the body to pour out their antidotes. So that comparative absence of a disease favours, if and when infection re-appears, an epidemic larger than usual, unless steps are taken to forestall it. The importance of a new drive for the immunisation against diphtheria of children under ten years of age was brought before the Council, who accepted the recommendation and arrangements were made to have this done early in the current year.

In the middle of September, when the occurrence of cases of infantile paralysis (acute poliomyelitis) up and down the country was reported in the press, two cases of this disease were brought to my notice in one house in Marske. They were removed to Isolation Hospital and one died. All medical practitioners in the area were circularized, requesting information of any suspicious cases. No further cases were found in this district but there were three in the Guisborough Urban District, two in Skelton and Brotton, and one in Redcar: eight in all, the last one on December 12th. Six were boys aged respectively  $1\frac{1}{2}$ , 3, 3, 4, 6 and  $8\frac{1}{2}$ , and two girls aged 10 and 12. No contact was discovered between any of the affected households.

Of the non-notifiable infectious diseases there were a few cases of measles in New Marske in June and July, and of whooping cough in Saltburn in October and November.

The number of patients admitted to the Joint Isolation Hospital from this and other districts is given in the following table for the twelve months ended March 31st, 1939, the figures in brackets being the admissions in the previous twelve months.

Joint Isolation Hospital.

Patients admitted April 1st, 1938, to March 31st, 1939.

	Redcar Borough.	Guisborough U.D.	Loftus U.D.	Saltburn & Marske U.D.	Skelton & Brotton U.D.	Other Districts.	Total.
Scartet Fever ...	72 (73)	12 (22)	13 (57)	11 (25)	20 (50)	—	128 (227)
Diphtheria ...	37 (8)	19 (2)	6 (11)	5 (1)	6 (10)	—	73 (32)
Enteric Fever ...	— (2)	— (—)	1 (—)	— (—)	— (2)	—	1 (4)
Puerperal Fever...	— (2)	— (—)	— (—)	— (1)	1 (—)	—	1 (3)
Poliomyelitis ...	1	3	—	—	2	—	6 (0)
Cerebro-spinal Fever—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1 (0)
	110 (85)	34 (24)	20 (68)	16 (27)	29 (62)	1	210 (266)

Two deaths, in both cases from diphtheria, occurred in the hospital during the above period.

There were seven new cases of Tuberculosis notified during the year, and four deaths from this disease; both figures are slightly above the average for the district.

No action was taken under Section 172 of the Public Health Act, 1936; no tuberculous person employed in the milk trade was discovered, and no action was required under the Public Health (Prevention of Tuberculosis) Regulations, 1925.

No action has been taken under Section 176 of the Public Health Act, 1936, for the prevention of blindness or for the treatment of persons suffering from any disease or injury to the eyes.



## APPENDIX.

## 3. NOTIFIABLE DISEASES (other than Tuberculosis), 1938.

	All Ages	Under 1	1 year	2—	3—	4—	5—	10—	15—	25—	35—	45—	65—	Cases admitted to Hosp.	Total deaths
Smallpox	...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Scarlet Fever	...	—	—	1	1	1	5	1	—	—	1	—	—	8	—
Diphtheria	..	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	1	—	2	—
Pneumonia	...	—	—	1	—	—	1	1	1	1	2	2	1	—	3
Erysipelas	...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—
Acute Poliomyelitis	...	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	2	1
Puerperal Pyrexia	...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	1	—



## 4. TUBERCULOSIS.

Age Periods.	New Cases.				Deaths.			
	Pulmonary.		Non-Pulmonary.		Pulmonary.		Non-Pulmonary.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Under 1 year	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1—4 years	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
5—9 years	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—
10—14 years	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15—19 years	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
20—24 years	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
25—34 years	1	—	—	1	—	2	—	—
35—44 years	1	1	—	—	2	—	—	—
45—54 years	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
55—64 years	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
65 years and upwards	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
All Ages	2	1	2	2	2	2	—	—

All fatal cases previously notified.

## 5. ABSTRACT OF THE WORK OF THE SANITARY DEPARTMENT.

	Number dealt with.	Informal Notices.	Statutory Notices.	Result.	Remarks.
Nuisances	23	23	—	Compliance	—
Slaughterhouses	6	1	—	Closure	One new slaughterhouse licensed
Dairies	31	Nil	Nil	—	—
Cowsheds	56	1	Nil	Compliance	One Cowshed re-modelled.
Bakehouses	19	Nil	Nil	—	—
Factories and Workshops					
Music Halls, etc.	Nil	Nil	Nil	—	—
Offensive Trades	6	Nil	Nil	—	—
Premises disinfected	21	Nil	Nil	—	—
Tents, Vans, and Sheds	17	1	Nil	Compliance	—
Shops Act	15	—	—	—	—

## 6. LABORATORY EXAMINATIONS.

	Borough of Redcar.	Guisborough District.	Loftus Urban District.	Saltburn and Marske-by-Sea Urban District.	Skelton and Brotton Urban District.	Total.
Sputa examined for Tubercle bacilli ...	47	24	15	11	19	116
Sputa found positive ...	9	5	3	—	4	21
Swabs from Diphtheria suspects examined ...	89	51	32	12	30	214
Swabs from Diphtheria suspects found positive	34	25	12	3	13	87
Swabs from Diphtheria convalescents examined	110	52	39	12	58	271
Swabs from Diphtheria contacts examined ...	13	21	6	7	12	59
Blood examined for Enteric group (Widal Test)	2	—	2	—	1	5
Faeces. for Enteric group ...	2	—	2	—	3	7
Other examinations ...	1	—	—	2	2	5
Diphtheria Antitoxin issued by Local Authority	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	

## 7. HOUSING STATISTICS.

New Houses erected in 1938 :

By private enterprise	...	...	...	...	...	32
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1. *Inspection of Dwelling-houses during the year :*

(1) (a) Total number of dwelling-houses inspected for housing defects (under Public Health or Housing Acts)	...	...	...	71
(b) Number of inspections made for the purpose	...	...	...	118
(2) (a) Number of dwelling-houses (included under subhead (1) above) which were inspected and recorded under the Housing Consolidated Regulations, 1925	...	...	...	23
(b) Number of inspections made for the purpose	...	...	...	29
(3) Number of dwelling-houses found to be in a state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation	...	...	...	—
(4) Number of dwelling-houses (exclusive of those referred to under the preceding sub-head) found to be not in all respects reasonably fit for human habitation	...	...	...	37

2. *Remedy of defects during the year without service of formal notices :*

(1) Number of defective dwelling-houses rendered fit in consequence of informal action by the local authority or their officers	...	...	...	18
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3. *Action under Statutory Powers during the year :*

## A. Proceedings under Sections 9, 10 and 16 of the Housing Act, 1936 :

(1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring repairs	...	...	...	...	1
(2) Number of dwelling-houses rendered fit after service of formal notices :					
(a) By owners	...	...	...	...	Nil
(b) By local authority in default of owners	...	...	...	...	Nil

## B. Proceedings under Public Health Acts :

(1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring defects to be remedied	...	...	...	1
(2) Number of dwelling-houses in which defects were remedied after service of formal notices :				
(a) By owners	...	...	...	1
(b) By local authority in default of owners	...	...	...	Nil

## C. Proceedings under Sections 11 and 13 of the Housing Act, 1936 :

(1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Demolition Orders were made	...	...	...	...	Nil
(2) Number of dwelling-houses demolished in pursuance of Demolition Orders	...	...	...	...	Nil

## D. Proceedings under Section 12, Housing Act, 1936 :

(1) Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were made	...	...	...	Nil
(2) Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were determined, the tenement or room having been rendered fit	...	...	...	Nil



4. *Housing Act, 1935. Overcrowding :*

(a)	(1)	Number of dwelling-houses overcrowded at the end of the year	...	27
	(2)	Number of families dwelling therein	... ..	32
	(3)	Number of persons dwelling therein	... ..	177
(b)		Number of new cases of overcrowding reported during the year	...	5
(c)	(1)	Number of cases of overcrowding relieved during the year	...	Nil
	(2)	Number of persons concerned in such cases	... ..	Nil
(d)		Particulars of cases in which dwelling-houses have again become overcrowded after the Local Authority have taken steps for the abatement of overcrowding	... ..	Nil

## 8. SUMMARY OF VITAL STATISTICS.

Period.	Population.	Births.	Deaths.	Deaths at Ages.		Deaths from all forms of Tuberculosis.	Yearly Birth-rate.	Yearly Death-rate.	Infant Mortality Rate (Infant deaths per thousand births.
				Under 1 year.	1—4 years.				
1884—1888	1,939	226	101	25	—	—	29.2	13.2	111
1889—1893	2,232	242	115	—	—	—	21.7	10.3	89
1894—1898	2,400	221	102	22	8	—	18.4	8.5	100
1899—1903	2,578	224	153	13	8	—	17.4	11.9	58
1904—1908	2,930	310	162	29	6	21	21.2	11.0	94
1909—1913	3,324	301	204	24	12	14	18.1	12.3	80
1914—1918	3,400	287	177	15	—	14	16.9	10.4	62
1919—1923	3,844	300	228	20	10	14	16.0	12.1	67
1924—1928	3,869	219	225	11	9	12	11.3	11.6	50
1929—1933	4,956	223	310	13	6	8	9.0	12.5	59
1934—1938	6,713	407	463	20	3	14	12.1	13.8	49
1938	6,643	75	96	4	1	4	11.3	14.5	53

## 9.—Factory and Workshops Act 1901, Factories Act 1937.

### REPORT FOR 1938

1.—Inspections for purposes of provisions as to health, including inspections made by the Sanitary Inspector.

Premises.	Inspections.	Number of	
		Written notices.	Occupier's prosecuted.
Factories with mechanical power ...	21	—	—
Factories without mechanical power ...	3	—	—
Other premises under the Act ...	11	1	—
Total	35	1	—

2.—Defects found.

Particulars.		Number of defects			
		Found.	Remedied.	Referred to H.M. Inspector.	in respect of which prosecutions were instituted.
Want of cleanliness ...	...	—	—	—	—
Overcrowding ...	...	—	—	—	—
Unreasonable temperature ...	...	—	—	—	—
Inadequate ventilation ...	...	—	—	—	—
Ineffective drainage of floors ...	...	—	—	—	—
Sanitary Conveniences { Insufficient	...	—	—	—	—
{ Unsuitable or defective		1	1	—	—
{ Not separate for sexes		—	—	—	—
Other offences ...	...	—	—	—	—
Total		1	1	nil	nil

3.—Outwork in unwholesome premises: nil.

